



International Medical Corps mobile medical team members provide medical assistance to flood affected communities in Shangla.

Beginning in late June and lasting through mid-September, Pakistan has faced its worst monsoon flooding in four decades. Heavy and prolonged rains triggered riverine and flash floods across Gilgit-Baltistan, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Punjab and Sindh, breaching major rivers and inundating vast areas. According to OCHA, more than 4.9 million people have been affected in these provinces, with 2.8 million people identified to be in urgent need of humanitarian assistance. There has been extensive damage to homes, schools, infrastructure, farmlands, livelihoods and access to essential services, particularly in Punjab's floodplains. Though humanitarian partners have scaled up lifesaving assistance across key sectors, significant response and funding gaps persist, especially in early recovery and resilience efforts.

The overall funding requirement is estimated at \$150.6 million, which includes funding for immediate response interventions covering lifesaving needs such as shelter, food security, and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH). Funding also is needed for early recovery efforts focusing on restoring livelihoods, rebuilding infrastructure and strengthening community resilience.

International Medical Corps Response

Over the course of our response to this year's monsoon flooding, our mobile medical teams provided 13,247 outpatient consultations to affected communities, ensuring access to essential healthcare services for people who otherwise have limited or no access to medical facilities. The teams have addressed common illnesses, provided maternal and child care, and offered health education to promote disease prevention and overall well-being.

Our Mental Health and Psychosocial Support team has conducted 262 individual counseling sessions and 126 group sessions, reaching 2,096 individuals. These sessions have focused on helping people to cope with trauma, stress and loss due to the crisis, and have helped improve emotional well-being, strengthen coping mechanisms and encourage social cohesion within the affected communities.

In Buner and Shangla districts, our hygiene promotion team organized 65 health and hygiene awareness sessions, engaging 4,509 community members. The sessions promoted handwashing with soap, safe water handling, proper

FAST FACTS

- More than 4.9 million people have been affected in the districts where we work, and 2.8 million people are in need of urgent humanitarian assistance.
- An estimated \$150.6 million is needed for immediate-response and early-recovery efforts.

OUR FOOTPRINT

- Since 1984, International Medical Corps has been providing services in health, protection, livelihoods, mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS), and water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) in 15 districts of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- Since then, we have supported provincial and district governments in responding to natural disasters such as earthquakes and floods, as well as to the needs of refugees and internally displaced people, tailoring our multi-sectoral rehabilitation and development interventions to community needs.

OUR RESPONSE

- In response to the monsoon flooding, our mobile medical teams have provided 13,247 outpatient consultations in affected communities.
- The MHPSS team has delivered 262 individual counseling sessions and 126 group sessions, reaching 2,096 individuals.
- In Buner and Shangla, our health and hygiene promotion team has conducted 65 awareness sessions, reaching 4,509 community members.
- Our emergency response team will be distributing winterization kits to help families affected by the flooding prepare for the harsh winter season.

sanitation practices and prevention of disease, particularly in flood-affected and high-risk areas. These efforts have helped reduce the spread of waterborne diseases and improve community health outcomes.

Our emergency response team will be distributing winterization kits to families affected by the flooding to help them prepare for the upcoming cold season. Each kit includes three double-ply blankets to protect families from cold-related illnesses and harsh weather conditions. The kits will strengthen household resilience and ensure that the most vulnerable populations can face the winter months safely and with dignity.

International Medical Corps has maintained strong coordination with relevant stakeholders, including district administration, health authorities, communities and the public health engineering department, to ensure a well-integrated and efficient emergency response. These collaborative efforts have complemented government initiatives and enabled the delivery of lifesaving assistance tailored to both government priorities and community-identified needs.