



International Medical Corps staff set up one of four emergency mobile clinics being used to provide essential medical care to people displaced by the flooding.

On the morning of September 10, the city of Maiduguri in Borno state experienced extreme flooding caused by a heavy downpour that affected the Alau Dam and its reservoir, located less than 19km from the city.

Flooding is reportedly covering more than 40% of Maiduguri Municipal Council (MMC), which has an estimated population of more than 870,000 people—including the Muna and Jere camps for internally displaced persons (IDPs), with a combined population of approximately 230,000. More than 414,000 people have been affected by the flooding in Borno, with 37 deaths reported and 58 people injured. Two major bridges in Maiduguri (Lagos Street Bridge and Gwange Bridge) have partially collapsed.

Immediate needs include food, shelter and clean water, as multiple water sources have been contaminated. Protection also remains a major concern, especially among unaccompanied and separated children, older persons and people living with disabilities. Intermediate needs include non-food items and interventions to prevent the outbreak of diseases such as cholera and malaria in congested sites, especially overcrowded IDP camps. The floods have also damaged nutrition stabilization centers treating severely malnourished children in the MMC and Jere local government areas.

International Medical Corps Response

International Medical Corps is working closely with the Borno State Agency for Coordination of Sustainable Development and Humanitarian Response, the Emergency Operations Center, the State Emergency Management Agency and other humanitarian partners, to ensure comprehensive coverage of services to those affected and displaced by the flooding.

International Medical Corps has commenced interventions in three major IDP camps: Bakasi Camp, housing more than 14,000 people; Dalori Camp, housing more than 5,000 people; and Women Teachers College Camp, housing more than 12,000 people.

In *Bakasi Camp*, International Medical Corps is providing essential protection services, psychosocial support for women and girls and gender-based violence mitigation messages. We also are conducting safety audits for people in the camp.

In *Dalori Camp*, International Medical Corps is providing essential services in health, protection, and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH).

FAST FACTS

- On September 10, more than 40% of Maiduguri Municipal Council experienced extreme flooding when torrential rain resulted in the reservoir Alau Dam overflowing.
- More than 414,000 people have been affected by floods in Borno state, with 37 deaths reported and 58 people injured.
- The floods have destroyed critical infrastructure and heightened the risk of disease outbreaks, especially in camps for internally displaced persons (IDPs).

OUR FOOTPRINT

- International Medical Corps has worked in Nigeria since 2014, providing primary and secondary healthcare, capacity-building, gender-based violence prevention and treatment, nutrition support, food security programs, mental health and psychosocial support, and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) services.

OUR RESPONSE

- International Medical Corps is working in three IDP camps to address immediate needs through essential health, nutrition, WASH and protection services.
- International Medical Corps set up four emergency mobile clinics to provide health screenings, services and medicine.
- International Medical Corps is conducting screening of children 6–59 months for acute malnutrition, and providing outpatient treatments for those identified with severe acute malnutrition.
- International Medical Corps is providing essential protection services through psychosocial support for women and girls.

Our teams have set up four emergency mobile clinics to provide health screenings, services and medicine. Through these clinics, International Medical Corps is providing triage services, stabilization and referrals, ante- and post-natal care for pregnant women, outpatient consultations, and mental health psychosocial support services. International Medical Corps is also supporting the surveillance and reporting of diseases by maintaining the early warning and reporting system, and is working to prevent the outbreak of malaria, cholera, and other waterborne diseases through promotion of good hygiene practices and mitigation measures.

International Medical Corps is providing clean water through 30,000 liters of water trucking per day and by providing water storage containers. We are also providing hygiene, menstrual and cholera kits, and is providing emergency latrines and bathing spaces, sanitation equipment and personal protective equipment.

In *Women Teachers College Camp*, International Medical Corps is providing essential nutrition interventions, screening children 6–59 months for acute malnutrition and providing outpatient treatments for children identified with severe acute malnutrition, while our community health volunteers are providing key nutrition information for maternal, infant and young-child nutrition in emergencies.



International Medical Corps gender-based violence team is providing safety audits for vulnerable populations affected by the flooding.